

THE CENTRAL RECORD.

LANCASTER, KY., THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 7, 1918.

TWENTY NINTH YEAR

NUMBER 32.



A man's heart is reached through his stomach.

This Stew Pan does it.

A convenient utensil for general use. Lessens danger of burning food.

SPECIAL For this week, 30¢ Lifetime Aluminum Covered Sauce Pan.

CONN BROS

FOR SALE:—Good sow and pigs. Call this office.

According to the wise ones this has been an unusually pleasant fall. Last year the first snow of the season came on October 23rd.

Ballard's Pure Wheat Bran, Mixed Feed, Rye Middlings, Palm Oil Meal, Velvet Bean Meal.
Hudson, Hughes and Farnau.

Influenza is to be shunned by every one and treated as any other contagious disease. No one who has had it is permitted out until given a doctor's certificate of discharge.

Genuine Kawasha Salt is best for curing meat. Do not risk inferior salt which can be bought for less money. Hudson, Hughes & Farnau.

"Please pass the ostrich." This request may soon be heard in the public eating places and the dining rooms of the private homes of Washington. Stranger things than the serving of nice roast ostrich, with plenty of gravy and dressing, have happened during these war times. The future popularity of this bird as an American dish depends to a large extent upon the success to be met in Arizona, where they are being introduced as a food now.

The U. S. Food Administration is making every effort to maintain a live hog price commensurate with swine production costs. In the recent conference between Mr. Hoover and representatives of the packers, a daily minimum of \$17.50 per hundred pounds on average of packers' drives was agreed upon. One of the greatest obstacles to this stabilization of prices and the maintenance of this minimum would arise from the hurried and premature marketing of hogs. Producers, therefore, are urged to market their hogs in as normal a way as possible.

In order to successfully combat the influenza epidemic and keep it from spreading, people should observe a few commonsense hygienic rules. When a case develops in a household it should be treated just as any other contagious disease. Houses where there are patients should be placarded and visitors should not be allowed to enter, no matter how great their sympathy. To close business houses, churches, schools, etc., and then be lax in enforcing the home sanitary rulings in cases of influenza is merely leaving the door wide open for the spread of the disease.

Too much power has been the ruin of almost every man who has had it. It brought Caesar to the assassin's knives. It brought Wolsey, who had been the greatest man in all Europe, to the abbey of Leicester, impoverished and disgraced, to beg a cot to die on. It brought Bonaparte, who had more power than any man who ever lived, before or since, to end his career, couped on a lonely island, digging in a little garden to keep his fat down. That is what too much power can do for big brains. What it can do for little brains we see in the German Kaiser, watching today the wrecking of all his foolish, brutal plans of world conquest.

Loses Three Children.

The Spanish influenza has fallen heavily upon the family of Jim Dan Leavell, colored, who lives on the farm of Mr. B. F. Hudson near town. Last Sunday night two children, age 6 and 10 years, respectively, died and yesterday he lost the third one from the dreaded disease.

Quarterly Meeting

Sunday is the regular time for the Quarterly Meeting at the Methodist Church. If the ban is lifted, Rev. Conant, of Bryantsville, will preach at 11 o'clock and Rev. C. H. Greer, the Presiding Elder, will hold the Quarterly Conference at 2 P. M. and preach at night.

F. D. Palmer, Pastor.

Foot-ball at Danville.

Center College will "lock horns" with the Great Lakes team next Saturday in what promises to be the best football game seen around here in many years. Center holds the championship for 1917 and with the team which she is to meet Saturday, many will go from this place to see it.

The game will be played on Center's grounds and will be called at 2:30 o'clock promptly.

Must Pay in Advance.

Within the next few days THE RECORD'S mailing list will be revised again and all subscribers who are not paid in advance will be discontinued. In order to comply with the late ruling of the government, no newspaper is permitted to send its paper to subscribers in arrears and the Record will comply with this rule. Look at the label on your paper or wrapper, and if your time has expired you had better renew at once, or your paper will be discontinued. The price of a year's subscription at the present time is \$1.50.

Victory Girls.

"Victory Girls" is the name, "Every Girl Pulling for Victory", is the slogan of the Girls in the "Earn and Win" Division of the United War Work Campaign which takes place Nov. 11th to 18th.

Every girl in the United States between the ages of 12 and 20 should pledge to earn and give approximately \$5.00 which is the cost to provide comfort and cheer for 5 weeks for each American fighter.

This is a challenge, our Garrard county girls can right about and face, and bear their share in this campaign to "keep our fighters fit".

The quota for the Victory Girls is \$810.00.

Each girl who enrolls to "earn and give" will receive a button and a home window banner saying, "A Victory Girl Enrolled from this Home to 'earn and give' to Keep the Fighters Fit." When she has completed payment she will receive a certificate receipt.

Get busy girls. Begin right now to earn and save, even though it may mean sacrifice!

This is the beginning of the investment of your lives in the reconstruction days ahead.

The county will be worked in the basis of school districts. Volunteer service for each district to assist in this work will be much appreciated. Notify Mrs. J. A. Anon, Chairman of Victory Girls.

Berlin Must Ask Foch. For Term of Armistice. Restoration Demanded.

With Germany's allies vanquished and forced to accept terms of cessation of hostilities against them tantamount to absolute surrender, the die is now cast in front of the Hohenzollern dynasty. The enter-allied conference sitting in Versailles has drawn up the terms under which Germany may have peace and the indications are that these terms are no less hard than those imposed upon Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Marshal Foch has the terms of armistice for Germany and awaits application for them by the German military command in the field. The Government at Berlin is so informed in a note which Secretary Lansing handed to Minister Sulzer of Switzerland, announcing that the Allies have declared their willingness to make peace on the principles enunciated by President Wilson. The note now is on the cables. In twenty-four hours it should be in the hands of the Germans; in forty-eight hours the world may know whether an immediate end of the war is at hand.

Publication of details of the armistice terms still is withheld. They may not be made known until the Germans have accepted or rejected them, as the course followed by the Allies in dealing with Bulgaria, Turkey and Austria. Only the details are in doubt, however, and no one questions that acceptance means abject surrender.



SENATOR ELECT—GOVERNOR A. O. STANLEY.

STANLEY WINS.

Carries Kentucky By Big Majority.

Governor A. O. Stanley has been elected to the United States Senate by the voters of Kentucky by a majority of about 8,000 over his Republican opponent, Dr. Ben L. Bruner. The Democrats lose one Congressman, Representative Swager Sherley, of Louisville being defeated by his Republican opponent, Charles L. Ogden in the Fifth district.

The State delegation in the House will be composed of eight Democrats and three Republicans.

The Eighth district re-elects Hon. Harvey Helm by a majority of about 1500 votes.

In winning the toga Gov. Stanley enjoys the unique distinction of being the first Governor in Kentucky to be elected to the United States Senate direct from the Governorship, and he is also the second in fifty years to hold the offices of Governor, Congressman and United States Senator. Governor James B. McCreary being the other.

In addition to electing a Senator Kentucky Democrats have re-elected eight of the nine Congressmen, the only fly in the ointment being the defeat of Congressman Swager Sherley in the Fifth or Louisville district, who will be succeeded by Charles F. Ogden, Republican.

The Democrats also suffered the loss of one Judge of the Court of Appeals, Huston Quin, of Louisville, Republican, defeating Judge Thomas R. Gordon, his Democratic opponent, and he will succeed Judge Shackelford Miller, next January.

Winning Democratic candidates for Congress are Alben W. Barkley, First district; David B. Kincheloe, Second district; R. Y. Thomas, Jr., Third district; Ben Johnson, Fourth district; Arthur B. Rouse, Sixth district; J. Campbell Cantrill, Seventh district; Harvey Helm, Eighth district, and W. J. Fields, Ninth district, all of whom were re-elected by safe majorities. A feature of the congressional races was the splendid race made by Congressman Thomas in the Third district, the Republicans having based their hope of increased representation in Congress on success in that district.

Besides Mr. Ogden in the Fifth district the Republicans have re-elected John W. Langley in the Tenth district, and Judge J. M. Robson will succeed Caleb Powers in the next Congress from the Eleventh district.

Three Democrats were chosen on the Court of Appeals bench, Judge Gus Thomas in the First, Chief Justice W. E. Settle in the Second and Judge Ernest S. Clarke in the Sixth being re-elected. The latter had no opposition. Judge Thomas won by about 10,000 and Judge Settle's majority will reach 2,000.

Among the largest Democratic gains scored in Republican counties were Christian, 1,489; Pulaski, 845; Perry, 730, and Butler 300. The Democratic counties that showed largely increased gains were Daviess, 767; Bourbon, 680; Logan, 617; Warren, 588, and Nelson, 573.

A unique feature of the election is shown by the returns from the Sixth congressional district, Gov. Stanley, in his race for Senator, having led Congressman Rouse by approximately 1,000 votes. This is the only Democratic district in which Gov. Stanley outran his congressional running mate.

GARRARD REPUBLICAN

By Reduced Majorities. Election Quiet.

Garrard County's Republican majority was reduced to some extent over the election two years ago, at the polls here last Tuesday. The election was quiet and a very good vote polled, the total number being 2,452 which is less by 548 votes than was polled here two years ago when 3,000 voters of the county exercised their suffrage. At that time Hughes carried the county by a majority of 254 votes.

Bruner's majority in the county last Tuesday was 224, while Davison's was reduced to 156.

Considering the condition over the county from the effects of the "flu" and the number of soldiers that have been called into the service from this county with in the last year, the vote polled last Tuesday is considered a large one.

The friends of Stanley and Helm did some good work for them throughout the county, which has always been largely Republican, the three town precincts and Bryantsville's two, deserve honorable mention.

VOTE IN GARRARD COUNTY BY PRECINCTS.

Precincts	Stanley.	Bruner.	Helm.	Davison.
Court House	185	134	187	132
East Park	208	160	211	147
West Park	109	125	119	118
East Bryantsville	141	101	140	96
West Bryantsville	163	126	163	126
Buckeye	71	214	69	209
Walker school house	59	118	60	112
Paint Lick	99	197	105	187
Union	79	163	82	156
Total	1114	1338	1127	1283
Majorities		224		156

BIG TURKEY FARM. OPERATED ON SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES

Graphic Description of the Enterprise.

Mr. C. K. Poindexter, who owns and lives on a beautiful farm near Dicks River, has for a number of years devoted his attention to raising pure-bred turkeys on a large scale. In the Fall of 1916 he exhibited the largest bird of this species ever seen in Kentucky—a magnificent Bronze tom, which tipped the scales at sixty-one pounds. On Thanksgiving of the same year the owner of this superb specimen presented the same to Governor Marshall, of Indiana, who is a warm personal friend of Mr. Poindexter.

There is money in raising fine turkeys. Mr. Poindexter's methods are scientific and he has constructed on his premises modern and extensive arrangements for caring for his large flocks. This year he has released from his brooders about 1700 poults, and of these he has lost less than one half of one per cent.

At present he is employing four men constantly. As the birds approach maturity, particularly those destined for Eastern markets, they are finished off on a concentrated food consisting of desiccated grasshoppers ground fine and mixed with grain, beef scraps and bone. This forms a highly nutritious compound and when fed regularly to the turkeys, causes them to become sleek and fat with astonishing rapidity. Thus finished they fetch very fancy prices on the markets of New York and Boston.

These flocks present a feathered aggregation of peculiar interest. It is easy to imagine the deafening and continuous clamor rising from the throats of a thousand lusty gobblers answering each other, or gobbling in concert, as the first faint gleams of light proclaim the approach of a chill gray dawn of a November morning. Heard at a distance of several miles this tremendous chorus is merged into a dull uneven roar, vaguely suggesting the continuous pounding of

the surf on a rock-bound shore.

The method of catching the grasshoppers is in itself an interesting proceeding. It is done by a machine consisting of two large sheet-iron pieces sixteen feet long set parallel, the back edges being much closer together than in front, and mounted on low wheels which engage a set of fans. Attached to the rear is a heavy canvas bag. The trap is drawn over the ground by two horses driven at a gallop, and as the grasshoppers rise from the ground they are caught between the metal blades and instantly swept to the rear by a fierce air torrent, falling into the collecting receptacle riveted to the rear of the machine. But few escape, and as many as two bushels of the insects have been harvested at one time from a single acre of the flat meadow lands of that locality. The grasshoppers thus captured are dumped into large galvanized drums revolving slowly over a furnace heated by charcoal, where they are roasted crisp and brown and afterwards ground fine by special machinery and mixed with a certain proportion of meat, grain and bone. The composition is then sacked and stored for future use.

In connection with the business Mr. Poindexter also operates a small canning plant where the choice bits of a large number of turkeys are canned each year for his own personal use; thus he has turkey on his table all the year round.

Personally, Mr. Poindexter is a bright and smiling optimist, with the engaging manners of a prosperous man of business. The meat of the turkey, according to Mr. Poindexter, is the most suitable known for human consumption, and indeed, in appearance, seems abundantly to prove it, for he tips the scales at 250 pounds, and is the picture of superb health.

New crop northern white oats.
Hudson, Hughes and Farnau.

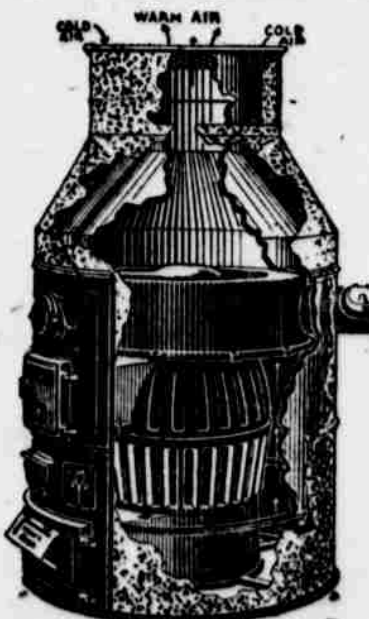
Notice.

Call in and assess your town property before the 15th of the month. If you don't I will be compelled to put a value upon it. Resp't.
J. R. MOUNT, City Assessor.

PIPELESS CALORIC FURNACE

THE ORIGINAL PATENTED PIPELESS FURNACE

This same circulation of the air is taking place through your entire house. The warm air rises to the ceilings and through doors, transoms, stairways and passageways, travels to the furthermost corners of every room on each floor. Every time the warm air enters the room it replaces cold air which is sent down to the Caloric to be heated and made pure. This is so simple that it sounds like mere theory, but 50,000 Caloric-heated homes were kept warm ALL OVER last winter, when old style furnaces and stoves caused parlors and spare rooms to be shut off, to keep the rest of the house warm. We KNOW that the Caloric makes good. It has been used by enthusiastic owners for years, heating homes thru-out, and saving many dollars on fuel bills.



**MORE
HEAT
LESS
FUEL
MORE
COMFORT
LESS
WORK**

Come in and let us show you what the Caloric Furnace is doing in thousands of other homes. We will study your heating problem and advise you whether or not you can profitably use a Caloric. Come in and talk to us about this remarkable method of heating.

HASELDEN BROS

Lancaster, - - - - - Kentucky